

## Visual art teachers' determination of the self sufficiency to use alternative assessment tools

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### ABSTRACT

The aim of this study was to examine visual arts teachers' opinions on determination and evaluation of self-efficacy beliefs concerning using to alternative assessment tools. In this study 'the survey research model' from descriptive research was used in which the aim was to determine the opinions of visual arts teachers about the alternative assessment evaluation. A descriptive survey model was used as the quantitative research method. Data was obtained through a Likert scale that is also named as 'Progression File, Performance Assessment and using the Grading Key Sufficiency Scale by the Visual Arts Teachers'. The study is conducted with 123 visual art teachers in the Turkey in the 2018-2019 academic years. Progression File, Performance Assessment and using the Grading Key Sufficiency Scale was applied to Visual Arts Teachers. It was determined that most of the teachers found themselves adequate about the evaluation process.

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

Visual Arts course is a process in which learners can produce their feelings and thoughts in two or three dimensions by making certain designs with different materials in line with a certain program. In addition, it has a positive effect on the student's perceptual and aesthetic qualities and self-expression skills. To understand this effect, numerical data is needed to determine the level of knowledge and skills of the learners and the realization of the learning objectives determined regarding the learning processes [1]. Alternative assessment approaches, which provide an assessment approach, enable this approach, which includes more appropriate assessment methods for visual arts education. Because the Visual Arts course is primarily a performance-oriented course that aims to observe the development of aesthetics and creativity as well as the cognitive characteristics of the student related to this process [2, 3].

The point to be emphasized in the article is that while remembering the content of the subject is easy to test, it is difficult to evaluate critical thinking and creativity. Therefore, alternative assessment tools and methods are needed. Alternative assessment gives teachers a chance to understand their students' weaknesses and strengths in variable situations, as well as evaluating a performance-based and real-life-related process where students are active rather than a result-oriented assessment [4]. Thus, it is thought that the opinions of the teachers about this process will provide information about the applications carried out regarding the evaluation.

In recent years, along with the constructivist approach, an education in which schools aim to develop social skills such as cooperation, self-confidence, and empathic approach by directing students to

research has been emphasized, and intelligence is addressed in many ways [5]. Visual Arts course has a stimulating, encouraging and developing feature in developing these skills. Studies such as performance tasks and projects that activate high-level mental processes such as critical thinking, problem-solving, creativity, and research are often practiced in the visual arts lesson. It is not possible to measure and evaluate these high-level mental processes in a healthy way with traditional methods. Alternative assessment tools help educators to measure mental and artistic processes in a healthier way and help students organize their thoughts about critical and complex problems, unlike traditional tools. When students give short answers or choose one of the multiple options in traditional tools, they create answers from their perspectives with real tools and present their answers in different ways [6, 7]. While traditional methods generally evaluate memorized information, alternative assessment tools try to reveal students' understanding and success. In this context, alternative assessment tools have an alternative feature for students with different learning styles and provide alternatives for the assessment of these students [8]. In the traditional teaching approach, the effectiveness of evaluating learning is generally carried out with result-oriented exams considering that it is separate from teaching. Therefore, the traditional assessment method is not effective in measuring knowledge and skills. Moreover, traditional assessments are insufficient to measure learning and skills to reflect the success of expected standards, unless they are integrated with performance-based assessments [9, 10].

The evaluation process is limited to traditional tools and methods as mentioned above will not meet this need given the structural feature of the visual arts course. It is not possible to measure creativity with any traditional assessment tool in a visual arts course, one of which is to increase the creative imagination of the student. "Traditional methods are not organized in the form of activities that lead students to research by thinking about them and because they are not allowed to use information, problem-solving; in short, to reconstruct knowledge, students graduate with superficial knowledge they memorize" [11]. Art activities have many features that emphasize individuality and originality. Therefore, alternative assessment tools are needed, which are different from traditional assessment practices, which are more flexible, comprehensive, which can measure different skills and include the process. It is a complex process to understand the effects of art programs on the cognitive and affective development of the student and to measure the levels of artistic creativity together or separately [12, 13]. The Visual Arts course, it is better to evaluate student studies that do not have a single correct answer, as in other courses, by using several different assessment tools. For this reason, performance evaluation should be used from the alternative assessment approach that measures students' real problem-solving skills by focusing on performance and process [14].

Starting from 1990, the student-centered education approach led to the use of various evaluation methods (performance evaluation, portfolio evaluation, etc.) and tools (rubrics, checklists, attitude scales, scoring instructions) [15, 16]. These assessment methods and practices help teachers to obtain more accurate results related to the artistic learning process by measuring different dimensions of artistic learning. It is also of great importance that teachers can choose appropriate alternative assessment tools when evaluating their students' artistic production. Instead of a result-oriented assessment, evaluating a process in which students are active, a performance-based and real-life process will provide a more accurate assessment of the achievements.

There are various studies in the literature showing that alternative assessment approaches increase success in different disciplines and different subject areas. Er [17] found that revealed the positive effects of alternative evaluation on success and attitude as a result of his applied research including structured grid and diagnostic branched tree used as an alternative assessment tool. In addition, it has been found that alternative assessment approaches make the lessons enjoyable, understandable and interesting, and this method allows them to understand the lesson more easily and provides permanence in their learning. In Baçoğlu [18] it was determined that alternative evaluation had a positive effect on academic success. They concluded that the electronic rubrics used by Manuela and Jesus [19] in the alternative assessment make it easier for students to access resources in teaching, that they are satisfied with their use in both self and peer assessments, and have positive effects on the application process and learning process. In the study conducted by Manuela and Jesus [19], they found that electronic rubrics used in alternative assessment is an assessment that facilitates access to resources in teaching for students, they are satisfied with their use in both self and peer assessments, and have positive effects on the application process and learning process. As a result of the research carried out by Maimouna and Salma [20] to determine the opinions of the teachers about the alternative assessment they carried out, it was concluded that the teachers developed the awareness of the alternative assessment about the learning of the students and that the teachers received the training and support they received regarding the assessment. Research shows that evaluation has more accurate results when tasks have real-life value and students perform real-world tasks [21]. Therefore, alternative assessment plays a major role in increasing students' learning, making them more competent in their fields of study. In the researches carried out, it is seen that teachers lack the knowledge and need training in using and preparing assessment and evaluation tools in the curriculum [22, 23]. This will also affect teachers' self-efficacy levels and educational

environment. According to Mojavezi and Tamiz's [24] research results on the relationship between teacher self-efficacy and motivation of students and its effect on success, a positive relationship was found between teacher self-efficacy and student motivation. Therefore, it can be argued that these and similar studies on teacher self-efficacy are studies that will support the relevant literature.

Measurement and evaluation are important in terms of revealing the effectiveness of the materials, methods, techniques and curriculums used in teaching, understanding the extent of learning, taking the necessary measures for teaching and planning the next stage. Especially in terms of the quality of learning, it helps to see the extent of the gains and the areas where the students have difficulties in learning and the wrong learning. The approach adopted and the methods used in evaluation are also important. The evaluation should be based on an understanding that the product is included in the evaluation as much as in the process. Therefore, at the end of the process, the performance of the student should be evaluated together with the learning product put forward. However, in order to ensure that alternative assessment methods are used by taking these suggestions into consideration, a belief should be established that teachers will be useful. In the formation of such a belief, research should show the contribution of these methods to learning, unlike other methods, and indicate the conditions for maximum utilization. In this study, self-efficacy levels of visual arts teachers related to alternative assessment methods were tried to be determined. Thus, it is thought that it will contribute to educators and researchers by revealing the effectiveness of alternative methods mentioned in the curriculum. Therefore, it can be argued that these studies such as teacher self-efficacy and so on are studies that will support the relevant literature.

## 2. METHOD

This section includes descriptions of the research model, sample, data collection tool, application and techniques used in the analysis of data.

### 2.1. Model of the research

In this research, which was carried out due to the determination of the thoughts related to the evaluation of Visual Arts teachers, a descriptive scanning method was applied. "Self-Efficacy Scale for Using Visual Arts Teachers' Alternative Assessment Tools," which was designed as a Likert-type measurement tool developed by Dilmaç [25], was used to access the data.

### 2.2. Participants

The population of the spring semester of 2018-2019 academic year, this research has been serving in Turkey constitutes 123 visual arts teacher. Information on the quantitative group is given in Table 1. When Table 1 is examined, 51 of the 123 Visual Arts teachers in the quantitative group are women (41%) and 72 are men (59%); 92 (74%) of the visual arts teachers are graduates of the education faculty, 31 (26%) are graduates of the Faculty of Fine Arts, according to the type of faculty type graduated; In terms of professional seniority variable, 52 (42%) of visual arts teachers have 1-5 years of professional seniority, 39 (32%) 6-10 years of professional seniority and 32 (26%) of 11 years or more professional seniority. It has been determined to have.

Table 1. Information on visual arts teachers

Variable		f	%
Gender	Woman	51	41
	Male	72	59
	Total	123	100
Graduated Faculty	Education Faculties	92	74
	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	26
	Total	123	100
Professional Experience	1-5 Years	52	42
	6-10 Years	39	32
	11 Year and Above	32	26
	Total	123	100

### 2.3. Data collection tools

"The Self-Efficacy Scale of Using Visual Arts Teachers' Alternative Assessment Tools" developed by Dilmaç [25] was used as the data collection tool of the research. The data collection tool used in the research is introduced in detail below. In this study, it was aimed to determine the self-efficacy beliefs of the visual arts teachers regarding the product selection file and to determine their opinions about

the evaluation. The size of the research was shaped by evaluating the data obtained through the relevant literature review and expert opinions. Within the scope of the research, "The Self-Efficacy Scale of Using Visual Arts Teachers' Alternative Assessment Tools," prepared by Dilmaç [25], was used to determine the self-efficacy beliefs of the visual arts teachers. Before the questionnaire was developed, a wide-ranging literature review was conducted on the place of visual arts education, what performance evaluation is. In this survey, it is aimed to determine the visual arts teachers' ability to use progress record files, performance evaluation and graded scoring key, and to use the measurement tools and methods. While preparing the questionnaire, the general attitudes and thoughts of the visual arts teachers towards the assessment and evaluation methods existing in the secondary school visual arts course program were collected. By the opinions collected from visual art teachers and researches, a total of 52 items questionnaire was created. Specialist opinions were taken from these items and those who were eligible to take part in the survey were determined. In the survey consisting of 52 items at the beginning, 24 items were determined by removing the items that are not in line with the target and identical with each other and the last point was put in the survey. Created this survey was administered to a teacher in schools about taking necessary permission in Turkey. In the first part of the created questionnaire, the faculties of their visual arts teachers, their term of office. In the second part, to determine the ability of visual arts teachers to apply their progress file, performance evaluation and graded scoring key, Likert type "Completely agree, moderately agree, neither agree nor disagree, Moderately disagree, completely disagree", contains Likert type five-point items. The relevant data have been thoroughly analyzed in the SPSS 13.0 Agree" package program. In the light of the reviews; t-test results for item averages are  $p > 0.05$  and correlation coefficients  $r < .27$  items with 30 items below and 1 item with item-total correlation value below 0.30 were also removed from the pilot scale. The Cronbach Alpha internal reliability coefficient of the questionnaire was determined as 92.

#### 2.4. Data analysis

During the analysis of the data, it was first checked whether the assumptions such as "Data should be intermittent or proportional", which are among the assumptions of the parametric tests, "Data should conform to the normal distribution" and "Group variances should be equal". To determine the normal distribution of the scores obtained from the sample group, Shapiro-Wilk normality test was examined and kurtosis-skewness values were examined and nonparametric tests were decided to be performed since the data were not normally distributed and the frequency values for some variables were less than 30. Of the tests, it was decided to use the Mann Whitney U test for the comparison of the two groups, and the Kruskal Wallis test for the comparison of more than two groups. Analysis results were tested at  $p < 0.05$  significance level.

### 3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In this part of the study, the results of the analysis on the self-efficacy levels of the visual arts teachers using alternative assessment tools and the opinions of the visual arts teachers on the evaluation are included.

#### 3.1. Findings related to the first sub-problem

Descriptive statistics on visual arts teachers' ability to use progress file, performance evaluation and graded scoring keys are given in Table 2. The descriptive statistics about the self-efficacy items of visual arts teachers using alternative assessment tools are given, Table 2. When examined, teachers can use the product file effectively in the evaluation ( $\bar{X} = 3.78$ ), they can easily evaluate the product files ( $\bar{X} = 3.82$ ), and they can select the appropriate criteria in the evaluation of the product files ( $\bar{X} = 3.88$ ), they have graded scoring key effectively in evaluating product files ( $\bar{X} = 3.82$ ), they have sufficient information about the product file ( $\bar{X} = 3.73$ ), they can use the product file effectively ( $\bar{X} = 3.75$ ), they do not need measurement and evaluation specialists to prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file ( $\bar{X} = 3.17$ ), they can assign performance tasks according to the students' gender ( $\bar{X} = 3.91$ ), they can choose their performance tasks per the gain specified in the program ( $\bar{X} = 3.88$ ), they do not need a measurement and evaluation specialist in evaluating performances ( $\bar{X} = 3.81$ ), they can use performance evaluation effectively in class/workshop ( $\bar{X} = 4.11$ ), they can prepare appropriate environments for evaluating students' performance ( $\bar{X} = 3.92$ ). They stated that they knew ( $\bar{X} = 3.10$ ).

Table 2. Descriptive statistics of visual art teachers' self-efficacy scale for using alternative evaluation tools

Statements	Completely agree		Moderately agree		Neither agree nor disagree		Moderately disagree		Completely disagree		$\bar{X}$	ss
	f	%	f	%	f	%	f	%	f	%		
1. I can use the product file effectively in the evaluation.	7	6	8	7	24	19	59	48	25	20	3.76	1.14
2. I can easily evaluate the product files	5	4	11	9	10	8	63	51	34	28	3.82	1.12
3. I can select the appropriate criteria for the evaluation of product files	4	3	12	10	14	11	70	57	23	19	3.88	.87
4. I spend a lot of time evaluating product files	23	19	48	38	31	25	13	11	8	7	3.54	1.17
5. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in the evaluation of product files.	11	9	14	11	20	16	63	52	15	12	3.19	1.42
6. I have enough information about the product file	8	7	16	13	11	9	59	48	29	23	3.73	1.61
7. I can use the product file effectively in my class.	9	7.5	15	12	16	13	58	47.5	25	20	3.75	1.12
8. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in evaluating product files	26	21	62	50.5	19	15	7	6	9	7.5	3.82	1.83
9. I can prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	27	22	61	49	10	8	12	10	13	11	2.71	1.33
10. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	5	4	12	10	22	18	50	41	34	27	3.17	1.43
11. I can assign performance tasks according to the gender of the students	9	7.5	12	10	10	8	60	48.5	32	26	3.91	1.15
12. I can perform performance tasks according to students' levels	12	10	16	13	13	11	54	43	28	23	3.98	.87
13. I can give students perform tasks that improve students' higher-order thinking skills	5	4	11	9	21	17	58	48	28	22	1.99	1.28
14. I can prepare suitable environments for students to evaluate their performance.	23	19	44	36	26	21	20	16	10	8	3.92	1.11
15. The performance tasks I have given cover many skills	19	15	34	28	32	26	30	24	8	7	1.82	1.03
16. I can select performance tasks per the acquisition specified in the program	5	4	20	16	15	12	56	46	27	22	3.88	1.20
17. I can select the appropriate criteria for evaluating performance tasks	29	24	49	40	16	13	20	16	9	7	1.79	1.10
18. I have difficulty in evaluating the gains in the program.	7	6	16	13	9	7	58	47	33	27	2.79	1.24
19. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in evaluating performances.	10	8	13	11	-	-	70	57	30	24	3.81	1.38
20. I have sufficient knowledge about the performance evaluation	30	24	45	37	20	16	19	16	9	7	2.98	.81
21. I can use performance evaluation effectively in class/workshop	9	7	12	10	19	16	62	50	21	17	4.11	1.12
22. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in performance evaluation.	30	24	57	47	20	16	11	9	5	4	2.92	1.09
23. I have enough information about the grade scoring key	45	37	50	40	12	10	9	7	7	6	3.10	1.32
24. I need the help of a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare a graded scoring key.	32	26	62	51	22	18	4	3	3	2	2.01	1.47

On the other hand, they spend a lot of time during the evaluation of product files ( $\bar{X} = .54$ ), students cannot give performance tasks that improve their high-level thinking skills ( $\bar{X} = 1.99$ ), that their performance tasks do not include many skills ( $\bar{X} = 1.82$ ), and they do not select appropriate criteria for evaluating performance tasks. ( $\bar{X} = 1.79$ ) expressed. Baker [26] confirms this idea that the teachers stated that they had difficulty because they did not receive education for teaching suitable for alternative assessment and evaluation. In general, in the light of the data obtained at the end of the research, it is seen that the belief and self-efficacy levels of the teachers are high regarding the measurement of student success by using different methods instead of adhering to one method. These results are different from the results of Huff's [27] study, where he examined the teachers' views on the process of creating a portfolio. As a result of the Huff study,

it was concluded that using teachers' portfolio in both evaluation and professional development tired them mentally and negatively affect their self-efficacy levels. Against this, the results obtained by Duran, Mıhladıız and Balliel [28], Güneş, Dilek, Hoplan, Çelikoğlu and Demir [29] and İzci, Göktaş and Süleyman [30] are similar to this study. According to the research findings in which Kilmen and Kösteroğlu [31] examined the opinions of the teachers about alternative assessment, more than half of the teachers find complementary assessment approaches useful, important, necessary and they think that they give the students the opportunity to evaluate themselves. In these studies, students may have obtained high scores from these techniques, as their perception of competence increased by developing a positive attitude towards alternative assessment. In accordance with the results of this study, in his study where alternative evaluation techniques and classical techniques of Oluk and Ekmekçi [32] compare the activities of measuring student success, he found a significant difference between alternative evaluation techniques and traditional evaluation techniques and revealed that the difference was in favor of alternative techniques. Alternative assessment focuses specifically on evaluating student performance during the teaching process. Therefore, performance evaluations can be considered to have positively affected the results of the research carried out, as there are evaluations that require students to advance knowledge, last learning and related skills to solve realistic, original problems while actively performing complex or important tasks. US and Turkey teacher of alternative assessment tools to research results also support the comparison of views on these results [9]. They stated that especially teachers who work in the USA had difficulties in informing students and using time effectively while using alternative assessment tools. In Oliver [33], it states that the implementation of alternative assessment is labor intensive and time consuming. It requires continuous training and development opportunities that can be costly for educators. Ozan [34] conducted by authentic assessment of academic achievement and influence the opinions of attitudes and teachers for educational measurement research entitled consequences authentic assessment of teachers' academic achievement and attitudes towards educational measurement of candidates to significantly increase and also an important issue in the field of teacher training in Turkey It is determined that there is an approach that can help establish cooperation between theory and practice.

### 3.2. Findings related to the second sub-problem

The results of the Mann Whitney U test on whether the opinions of the visual arts teachers about the progress file, success evaluation and graded scoring keys differ according to the gender variable are given in Table 3. When the results of the Mann Whitney Utest conducted on whether the opinions of the visual arts teachers about using the self-efficacy items of the alternative assessment tools change according to the graduated faculty variable, the table averages of teachers who graduated from the Faculty of Education (63.12) and Fine Arts There is a significant difference between the rank averages of teachers graduated from the Faculty of Education (32.19) [(U = 634.5, p <.05] and this difference is in favor of the graduates of the Faculty of Education. In the article "I can easily evaluate the product files.", There is a significant difference between the rank averages of teachers graduated from Faculty of Education (64.33) and the rank averages of teachers graduated from Faculty of Fine Arts (48.48) [(U = 612.5, p <.05] and this difference There is a significant difference in favor of Faculty of Education graduate teachers between the rank averages (51.12) of the graduates of the Faculty of Fine Arts (42.96) and the average ranges of the graduates of the Faculty of Fine Arts (42.96). = 701.0, p <.05]; In the article "I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in the evaluation of product files", there is a significant difference between the average ranks of teachers graduated from Faculty of Education (42.10) and the average ranks of teachers graduated from Faculty of Fine Arts (66.13) [(U = 740.5, p <.05] and this difference is in favor of the graduates of the Faculty of Fine Arts; in the article "I have sufficient information about the product file." There is a significant difference between the average ranks of the graduates of the Faculty of Education (63.17) and the average ranks of the graduates of the Faculty of Fine Arts (43.64). [(U = 650.5, p <.05] and this difference is in favor of the graduates of the Faculty of Education; There is a significant difference between the rank averages of teachers graduated from Faculty of Education (57.99) and the rank averages of teachers graduated from Faculty of Fine Arts (45.80) in favor of teachers who graduated from Faculty of Fine Arts ("U = 689.0, p <.05]; There is a significant difference in the favor of the graduates of the Faculty of Fine Arts between the rank averages of the graduates of the Faculty of Education (35.00) and the average of the graduates of the Faculty of Fine Arts (55.09) in the article "I can assign performance tasks according to the gender of the students." U = 566.0, p <.05].

The alternative assessment techniques that emerge in the constructivist approach load the teachers' roles such as organizing, designing and directing [35, 36]. Therefore, it may be due to the fact that the teachers who have been educated in the education faculty have encountered more constructivist approach during the undergraduate education process and applied this in their professional life. The results obtained by Karamustafaoğlu, Çağlak and Meşeci [37] in their research to determine the self-efficacy of the classroom

teachers' assessment and assessment tools support this finding. When the results of their research are analyzed, it is seen that the teachers graduated from education faculties have a higher average compared to other faculty graduates. These results support these findings.

Table 3. Differentiation of visual art teachers' opinions on the scale of competency to use alternative assessment tools by graduated faculty variable

Statements	Graduated Faculty	N	Rank averages	Rank Total	U	Z	P																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
1. I can use the product file effectively in the evaluation.	Education Faculties	92	63.12	4103.50	634.5	-2.325	.064																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	32.19	971.50				2. I can easily evaluate the product files	Education Faculties	92	64.33	4139.50	612.5	-2.009	.027	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.48	923.50	3. I can select the appropriate criteria for the evaluation of product files.	Education Faculties	92	51.12	4322.00	701.0	-1.992	.058	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	42.96	859.10	4. I spend a lot of time evaluating product files	Education Faculties	92	56.09	4911.23	891.2	-2.322	.984	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.10	2345.50	5. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in the evaluation of product files.	Education Faculties	92	42.10	4410.50	740.5	-2.420	.078	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	66.13	3305.50	6. I have enough information about the product file	Education Faculties	92	63.17	4713.00	650.5	-2.130	.106	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.64	1300.00	7. I can use the product file effectively in my class.	Education Faculties	92	63.29	4614.50	789.5	-1.599	.322	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.10	1043.50	8. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in evaluating product files	Education Faculties	92	61.48	4312.50	851.0	-1.205	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	34.01	1010.50	9. I can prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	57.99	4331.00	689.0	-2.634	.056	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	45.80	1245.00	10. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	38.00	3934.00	856.0	-1.236	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	68.10	1225.00	11. I can assign performance tasks according to the gender of the students	Education Faculties	92	35.00	4012.78	566	-804	.000	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.09	1278.50	12. I can perform performance tasks according to students' levels	Education Faculties	92	43.10	4256.00	658.0	-1.885	.071	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	53.57	1025.00	13. I can give students performance tasks that improve students' higher-order thinking skills	Education Faculties	92	54.10	4244.00	902.0	-.598	.680	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.56	1256.00	14. I can prepare suitable environments for students to evaluate their performance.	Education Faculties	92	55.36	4366.50	745.0	-.854	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	49.33	1365.00	15. The performance tasks I have given cover many skills	Education Faculties	92	56.57	4325.50	854.5	-2.943	.262	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.20	1523.50	16. I can select performance tasks per the acquisition specified in the program	Education Faculties	92	64.54	4102.00	785.0	-1.582	.114	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	57.00	1120.00	17. I can select the appropriate criteria for evaluating performance tasks	Education Faculties	92	63.11	4233.50	713.5	-1.557	.223	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	35.95	895.50	18. I have difficulty in evaluating the gains in the program.	Education Faculties	92	33.55	4102.00	741.0	-.945	.652	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	56.15	2130.00	19. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in evaluating performances.	Education Faculties	92	35.16	3856.00	845.0	-1.120	.501	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	61.50	2105.00	20. I have sufficient knowledge about performance evaluation	Education Faculties	92	53.20	4214.00	756.0	-1.845	.058	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	41.49	854.00	21. I can use performance evaluation effectively in class / workshop	Education Faculties	92	56.13	4233.50	564.5	-1.856	.068	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.23	845.50	22. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in performance evaluation.	Education Faculties	92	55.89	4102.00	864.0	-1.560	.325	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.50	956.00	23. I have enough information about the grade scoring key	Education Faculties	92	56.21	4169.50	851.5	-1.256	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.36	1005.50	24. I need the help of a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare a graded scoring key.	Education Faculties	92	42.65	4684.00	895.0	-.568	.587
2. I can easily evaluate the product files	Education Faculties	92	64.33	4139.50	612.5	-2.009	.027																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.48	923.50				3. I can select the appropriate criteria for the evaluation of product files.	Education Faculties	92	51.12	4322.00	701.0	-1.992	.058	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	42.96	859.10	4. I spend a lot of time evaluating product files	Education Faculties	92	56.09	4911.23	891.2	-2.322	.984	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.10	2345.50	5. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in the evaluation of product files.	Education Faculties	92	42.10	4410.50	740.5	-2.420	.078	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	66.13	3305.50	6. I have enough information about the product file	Education Faculties	92	63.17	4713.00	650.5	-2.130	.106	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.64	1300.00	7. I can use the product file effectively in my class.	Education Faculties	92	63.29	4614.50	789.5	-1.599	.322	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.10	1043.50	8. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in evaluating product files	Education Faculties	92	61.48	4312.50	851.0	-1.205	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	34.01	1010.50	9. I can prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	57.99	4331.00	689.0	-2.634	.056	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	45.80	1245.00	10. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	38.00	3934.00	856.0	-1.236	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	68.10	1225.00	11. I can assign performance tasks according to the gender of the students	Education Faculties	92	35.00	4012.78	566	-804	.000	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.09	1278.50	12. I can perform performance tasks according to students' levels	Education Faculties	92	43.10	4256.00	658.0	-1.885	.071	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	53.57	1025.00	13. I can give students performance tasks that improve students' higher-order thinking skills	Education Faculties	92	54.10	4244.00	902.0	-.598	.680	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.56	1256.00	14. I can prepare suitable environments for students to evaluate their performance.	Education Faculties	92	55.36	4366.50	745.0	-.854	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	49.33	1365.00	15. The performance tasks I have given cover many skills	Education Faculties	92	56.57	4325.50	854.5	-2.943	.262	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.20	1523.50	16. I can select performance tasks per the acquisition specified in the program	Education Faculties	92	64.54	4102.00	785.0	-1.582	.114	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	57.00	1120.00	17. I can select the appropriate criteria for evaluating performance tasks	Education Faculties	92	63.11	4233.50	713.5	-1.557	.223	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	35.95	895.50	18. I have difficulty in evaluating the gains in the program.	Education Faculties	92	33.55	4102.00	741.0	-.945	.652	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	56.15	2130.00	19. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in evaluating performances.	Education Faculties	92	35.16	3856.00	845.0	-1.120	.501	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	61.50	2105.00	20. I have sufficient knowledge about performance evaluation	Education Faculties	92	53.20	4214.00	756.0	-1.845	.058	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	41.49	854.00	21. I can use performance evaluation effectively in class / workshop	Education Faculties	92	56.13	4233.50	564.5	-1.856	.068	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.23	845.50	22. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in performance evaluation.	Education Faculties	92	55.89	4102.00	864.0	-1.560	.325	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.50	956.00	23. I have enough information about the grade scoring key	Education Faculties	92	56.21	4169.50	851.5	-1.256	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.36	1005.50	24. I need the help of a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare a graded scoring key.	Education Faculties	92	42.65	4684.00	895.0	-.568	.587	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.50	1236.00								
3. I can select the appropriate criteria for the evaluation of product files.	Education Faculties	92	51.12	4322.00	701.0	-1.992	.058																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	42.96	859.10				4. I spend a lot of time evaluating product files	Education Faculties	92	56.09	4911.23	891.2	-2.322	.984	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.10	2345.50	5. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in the evaluation of product files.	Education Faculties	92	42.10	4410.50	740.5	-2.420	.078	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	66.13	3305.50	6. I have enough information about the product file	Education Faculties	92	63.17	4713.00	650.5	-2.130	.106	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.64	1300.00	7. I can use the product file effectively in my class.	Education Faculties	92	63.29	4614.50	789.5	-1.599	.322	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.10	1043.50	8. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in evaluating product files	Education Faculties	92	61.48	4312.50	851.0	-1.205	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	34.01	1010.50	9. I can prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	57.99	4331.00	689.0	-2.634	.056	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	45.80	1245.00	10. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	38.00	3934.00	856.0	-1.236	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	68.10	1225.00	11. I can assign performance tasks according to the gender of the students	Education Faculties	92	35.00	4012.78	566	-804	.000	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.09	1278.50	12. I can perform performance tasks according to students' levels	Education Faculties	92	43.10	4256.00	658.0	-1.885	.071	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	53.57	1025.00	13. I can give students performance tasks that improve students' higher-order thinking skills	Education Faculties	92	54.10	4244.00	902.0	-.598	.680	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.56	1256.00	14. I can prepare suitable environments for students to evaluate their performance.	Education Faculties	92	55.36	4366.50	745.0	-.854	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	49.33	1365.00	15. The performance tasks I have given cover many skills	Education Faculties	92	56.57	4325.50	854.5	-2.943	.262	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.20	1523.50	16. I can select performance tasks per the acquisition specified in the program	Education Faculties	92	64.54	4102.00	785.0	-1.582	.114	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	57.00	1120.00	17. I can select the appropriate criteria for evaluating performance tasks	Education Faculties	92	63.11	4233.50	713.5	-1.557	.223	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	35.95	895.50	18. I have difficulty in evaluating the gains in the program.	Education Faculties	92	33.55	4102.00	741.0	-.945	.652	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	56.15	2130.00	19. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in evaluating performances.	Education Faculties	92	35.16	3856.00	845.0	-1.120	.501	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	61.50	2105.00	20. I have sufficient knowledge about performance evaluation	Education Faculties	92	53.20	4214.00	756.0	-1.845	.058	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	41.49	854.00	21. I can use performance evaluation effectively in class / workshop	Education Faculties	92	56.13	4233.50	564.5	-1.856	.068	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.23	845.50	22. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in performance evaluation.	Education Faculties	92	55.89	4102.00	864.0	-1.560	.325	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.50	956.00	23. I have enough information about the grade scoring key	Education Faculties	92	56.21	4169.50	851.5	-1.256	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.36	1005.50	24. I need the help of a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare a graded scoring key.	Education Faculties	92	42.65	4684.00	895.0	-.568	.587	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.50	1236.00																				
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	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	66.13	3305.50				6. I have enough information about the product file	Education Faculties	92	63.17	4713.00	650.5	-2.130	.106	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.64	1300.00	7. I can use the product file effectively in my class.	Education Faculties	92	63.29	4614.50	789.5	-1.599	.322	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.10	1043.50	8. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in evaluating product files	Education Faculties	92	61.48	4312.50	851.0	-1.205	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	34.01	1010.50	9. I can prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	57.99	4331.00	689.0	-2.634	.056	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	45.80	1245.00	10. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	38.00	3934.00	856.0	-1.236	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	68.10	1225.00	11. I can assign performance tasks according to the gender of the students	Education Faculties	92	35.00	4012.78	566	-804	.000	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.09	1278.50	12. I can perform performance tasks according to students' levels	Education Faculties	92	43.10	4256.00	658.0	-1.885	.071	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	53.57	1025.00	13. I can give students performance tasks that improve students' higher-order thinking skills	Education Faculties	92	54.10	4244.00	902.0	-.598	.680	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.56	1256.00	14. I can prepare suitable environments for students to evaluate their performance.	Education Faculties	92	55.36	4366.50	745.0	-.854	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	49.33	1365.00	15. The performance tasks I have given cover many skills	Education Faculties	92	56.57	4325.50	854.5	-2.943	.262	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.20	1523.50	16. I can select performance tasks per the acquisition specified in the program	Education Faculties	92	64.54	4102.00	785.0	-1.582	.114	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	57.00	1120.00	17. I can select the appropriate criteria for evaluating performance tasks	Education Faculties	92	63.11	4233.50	713.5	-1.557	.223	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	35.95	895.50	18. I have difficulty in evaluating the gains in the program.	Education Faculties	92	33.55	4102.00	741.0	-.945	.652	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	56.15	2130.00	19. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in evaluating performances.	Education Faculties	92	35.16	3856.00	845.0	-1.120	.501	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	61.50	2105.00	20. I have sufficient knowledge about performance evaluation	Education Faculties	92	53.20	4214.00	756.0	-1.845	.058	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	41.49	854.00	21. I can use performance evaluation effectively in class / workshop	Education Faculties	92	56.13	4233.50	564.5	-1.856	.068	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.23	845.50	22. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in performance evaluation.	Education Faculties	92	55.89	4102.00	864.0	-1.560	.325	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.50	956.00	23. I have enough information about the grade scoring key	Education Faculties	92	56.21	4169.50	851.5	-1.256	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.36	1005.50	24. I need the help of a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare a graded scoring key.	Education Faculties	92	42.65	4684.00	895.0	-.568	.587	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.50	1236.00																																												
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	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.64	1300.00				7. I can use the product file effectively in my class.	Education Faculties	92	63.29	4614.50	789.5	-1.599	.322	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.10	1043.50	8. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in evaluating product files	Education Faculties	92	61.48	4312.50	851.0	-1.205	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	34.01	1010.50	9. I can prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	57.99	4331.00	689.0	-2.634	.056	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	45.80	1245.00	10. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	38.00	3934.00	856.0	-1.236	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	68.10	1225.00	11. I can assign performance tasks according to the gender of the students	Education Faculties	92	35.00	4012.78	566	-804	.000	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.09	1278.50	12. I can perform performance tasks according to students' levels	Education Faculties	92	43.10	4256.00	658.0	-1.885	.071	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	53.57	1025.00	13. I can give students performance tasks that improve students' higher-order thinking skills	Education Faculties	92	54.10	4244.00	902.0	-.598	.680	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.56	1256.00	14. I can prepare suitable environments for students to evaluate their performance.	Education Faculties	92	55.36	4366.50	745.0	-.854	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	49.33	1365.00	15. The performance tasks I have given cover many skills	Education Faculties	92	56.57	4325.50	854.5	-2.943	.262	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.20	1523.50	16. I can select performance tasks per the acquisition specified in the program	Education Faculties	92	64.54	4102.00	785.0	-1.582	.114	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	57.00	1120.00	17. I can select the appropriate criteria for evaluating performance tasks	Education Faculties	92	63.11	4233.50	713.5	-1.557	.223	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	35.95	895.50	18. I have difficulty in evaluating the gains in the program.	Education Faculties	92	33.55	4102.00	741.0	-.945	.652	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	56.15	2130.00	19. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in evaluating performances.	Education Faculties	92	35.16	3856.00	845.0	-1.120	.501	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	61.50	2105.00	20. I have sufficient knowledge about performance evaluation	Education Faculties	92	53.20	4214.00	756.0	-1.845	.058	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	41.49	854.00	21. I can use performance evaluation effectively in class / workshop	Education Faculties	92	56.13	4233.50	564.5	-1.856	.068	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.23	845.50	22. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in performance evaluation.	Education Faculties	92	55.89	4102.00	864.0	-1.560	.325	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.50	956.00	23. I have enough information about the grade scoring key	Education Faculties	92	56.21	4169.50	851.5	-1.256	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.36	1005.50	24. I need the help of a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare a graded scoring key.	Education Faculties	92	42.65	4684.00	895.0	-.568	.587	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.50	1236.00																																																								
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	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.10	1043.50				8. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in evaluating product files	Education Faculties	92	61.48	4312.50	851.0	-1.205	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	34.01	1010.50	9. I can prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	57.99	4331.00	689.0	-2.634	.056	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	45.80	1245.00	10. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	38.00	3934.00	856.0	-1.236	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	68.10	1225.00	11. I can assign performance tasks according to the gender of the students	Education Faculties	92	35.00	4012.78	566	-804	.000	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.09	1278.50	12. I can perform performance tasks according to students' levels	Education Faculties	92	43.10	4256.00	658.0	-1.885	.071	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	53.57	1025.00	13. I can give students performance tasks that improve students' higher-order thinking skills	Education Faculties	92	54.10	4244.00	902.0	-.598	.680	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.56	1256.00	14. I can prepare suitable environments for students to evaluate their performance.	Education Faculties	92	55.36	4366.50	745.0	-.854	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	49.33	1365.00	15. The performance tasks I have given cover many skills	Education Faculties	92	56.57	4325.50	854.5	-2.943	.262	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.20	1523.50	16. I can select performance tasks per the acquisition specified in the program	Education Faculties	92	64.54	4102.00	785.0	-1.582	.114	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	57.00	1120.00	17. I can select the appropriate criteria for evaluating performance tasks	Education Faculties	92	63.11	4233.50	713.5	-1.557	.223	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	35.95	895.50	18. I have difficulty in evaluating the gains in the program.	Education Faculties	92	33.55	4102.00	741.0	-.945	.652	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	56.15	2130.00	19. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in evaluating performances.	Education Faculties	92	35.16	3856.00	845.0	-1.120	.501	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	61.50	2105.00	20. I have sufficient knowledge about performance evaluation	Education Faculties	92	53.20	4214.00	756.0	-1.845	.058	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	41.49	854.00	21. I can use performance evaluation effectively in class / workshop	Education Faculties	92	56.13	4233.50	564.5	-1.856	.068	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.23	845.50	22. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in performance evaluation.	Education Faculties	92	55.89	4102.00	864.0	-1.560	.325	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.50	956.00	23. I have enough information about the grade scoring key	Education Faculties	92	56.21	4169.50	851.5	-1.256	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.36	1005.50	24. I need the help of a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare a graded scoring key.	Education Faculties	92	42.65	4684.00	895.0	-.568	.587	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.50	1236.00																																																																				
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	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	34.01	1010.50				9. I can prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	57.99	4331.00	689.0	-2.634	.056	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	45.80	1245.00	10. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	Education Faculties	92	38.00	3934.00	856.0	-1.236	.335	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	68.10	1225.00	11. I can assign performance tasks according to the gender of the students	Education Faculties	92	35.00	4012.78	566	-804	.000	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.09	1278.50	12. I can perform performance tasks according to students' levels	Education Faculties	92	43.10	4256.00	658.0	-1.885	.071	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	53.57	1025.00	13. I can give students performance tasks that improve students' higher-order thinking skills	Education Faculties	92	54.10	4244.00	902.0	-.598	.680	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.56	1256.00	14. I can prepare suitable environments for students to evaluate their performance.	Education Faculties	92	55.36	4366.50	745.0	-.854	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	49.33	1365.00	15. The performance tasks I have given cover many skills	Education Faculties	92	56.57	4325.50	854.5	-2.943	.262	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.20	1523.50	16. I can select performance tasks per the acquisition specified in the program	Education Faculties	92	64.54	4102.00	785.0	-1.582	.114	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	57.00	1120.00	17. I can select the appropriate criteria for evaluating performance tasks	Education Faculties	92	63.11	4233.50	713.5	-1.557	.223	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	35.95	895.50	18. I have difficulty in evaluating the gains in the program.	Education Faculties	92	33.55	4102.00	741.0	-.945	.652	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	56.15	2130.00	19. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in evaluating performances.	Education Faculties	92	35.16	3856.00	845.0	-1.120	.501	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	61.50	2105.00	20. I have sufficient knowledge about performance evaluation	Education Faculties	92	53.20	4214.00	756.0	-1.845	.058	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	41.49	854.00	21. I can use performance evaluation effectively in class / workshop	Education Faculties	92	56.13	4233.50	564.5	-1.856	.068	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.23	845.50	22. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in performance evaluation.	Education Faculties	92	55.89	4102.00	864.0	-1.560	.325	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.50	956.00	23. I have enough information about the grade scoring key	Education Faculties	92	56.21	4169.50	851.5	-1.256	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.36	1005.50	24. I need the help of a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare a graded scoring key.	Education Faculties	92	42.65	4684.00	895.0	-.568	.587	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.50	1236.00																																																																																
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	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.56	1256.00				14. I can prepare suitable environments for students to evaluate their performance.	Education Faculties	92	55.36	4366.50	745.0	-.854	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	49.33	1365.00	15. The performance tasks I have given cover many skills	Education Faculties	92	56.57	4325.50	854.5	-2.943	.262	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	43.20	1523.50	16. I can select performance tasks per the acquisition specified in the program	Education Faculties	92	64.54	4102.00	785.0	-1.582	.114	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	57.00	1120.00	17. I can select the appropriate criteria for evaluating performance tasks	Education Faculties	92	63.11	4233.50	713.5	-1.557	.223	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	35.95	895.50	18. I have difficulty in evaluating the gains in the program.	Education Faculties	92	33.55	4102.00	741.0	-.945	.652	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	56.15	2130.00	19. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in evaluating performances.	Education Faculties	92	35.16	3856.00	845.0	-1.120	.501	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	61.50	2105.00	20. I have sufficient knowledge about performance evaluation	Education Faculties	92	53.20	4214.00	756.0	-1.845	.058	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	41.49	854.00	21. I can use performance evaluation effectively in class / workshop	Education Faculties	92	56.13	4233.50	564.5	-1.856	.068	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	44.23	845.50	22. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in performance evaluation.	Education Faculties	92	55.89	4102.00	864.0	-1.560	.325	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.50	956.00	23. I have enough information about the grade scoring key	Education Faculties	92	56.21	4169.50	851.5	-1.256	.654	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	48.36	1005.50	24. I need the help of a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare a graded scoring key.	Education Faculties	92	42.65	4684.00	895.0	-.568	.587	Faculty of Fine Arts	31	55.50	1236.00																																																																																																																																												
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### 3.3. Findings related to the third sub-problem

The results of the Kruskal Wallis Test on whether the opinions of different visual arts teachers with different professional experience differ regarding their development file, performance evaluation and graded scoring keys are presented in Table 4.

Table 4. Kruskal Wallis test results on items of self-efficacy scale of visual arts teachers with different professional seniority using alternative evaluation tools

Statements	Professional Experience	N	Rank averages	X <sup>2</sup>	sd	p	Difference
1. I can use the product file effectively in the evaluation.	1-5 Years	60	56.52	1.278	2	.657	
	6-10 Years	41	41.23				
	11 Year and Above	22	42.00				
2. I can easily evaluate the product files	1-5 Years	60	55.53	.655	2	.897	
	6-10 Years	41	51.10				
	11 Year and Above	22	46.00				
3. I can select the appropriate criteria for the evaluation of product files	1-5 Years	60	54.78	2.349	2	.236	
	6-10 Years	41	40.36				
	11 Year and Above	22	56.70				
4. I spend a lot of time evaluating product files	1-5 Years	60	40.12	2.658	2	.365	
	6-10 Years	41	55.63				
	11 Year and Above	22	60.63				
5. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in the evaluation of product files.	1-5 Years	60	44.69	5.120	2	.085	
	6-10 Years	41	43.75				
	11 Year and Above	22	63.40				
6. I have enough information about the product file	1-5 Years	60	56.79	2.364	2	.540	
	6-10 Years	41	43.18				
	11 Year and Above	22	41.18				
7. I can use the product file effectively in my class.	1-5 Years	60	53.10	.960	2	.699	
	6-10 Years	41	50.50				
	11 Year and Above	22	49.53				
8. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in evaluating product files	1-5 Years	60	60.14	5.502	2	.741	
	6-10 Years	41	45.30				
	11 Year and Above	22	43.18				
9. I can prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	1-5 Years	60	61.18	4.632	2	.165	
	6-10 Years	41	55.94				
	11 Year and Above	22	41.95				
10. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare the appropriate grade scoring key for the product file	1-5 Years	60	55.36	2.653	2	.365	
	6-10 Years	41	59.56				
	11 Year and Above	22	44.56				
11. I can assign performance tasks according to the gender of the students	1-5 Years	60	56.12	.974	2	.489	
	6-10 Years	41	47.89				
	11 Year and Above	22	51.50				
12. I can perform performance tasks according to students' levels	1-5 Years	60	43.47	9.235	2	.007	Over 11 Years > 1-5 Years and 6-10 Years
	6-10 Years	41	53.10				
	11 Year and Above	22	61.47				
13. I can give students performance tasks that improve students' higher-order thinking skills	1-5 Years	60	41.26	9.412	2	.005	Over 11 Years > 1-5 Years and 6-10 Years
	6-10 Years	41	47.14				
	11 Year and Above	22	59.25				
14. I can prepare suitable environments for students to evaluate their performance.	1-5 Years	60	56.14	1.742	2	.568	
	6-10 Years	41	50.75				
	11 Year and Above	22	45.44				
15. The performance tasks I have given cover many skills	1-5 Years	60	59.14	9.815	2	.009	1-5 Years > 11 years and above
	6-10 Years	41	41.36				
	11 Year and Above	22	46.10				
16. I can select performance tasks per the acquisition specified in the program	1-5 Years	60	54.66	5.244	2	4.852	
	6-10 Years	41	51.84				
	11 Year and Above	22	48.56				
17. I can select the appropriate criteria for evaluating performance tasks	1-5 Years	60	59.25	5.125	2	.097	
	6-10 Years	41	51.15				
	11 Year and Above	22	46.10				
18. I have difficulty in evaluating the gains in the program.	1-5 Years	60	44.13	.962	2	.741	
	6-10 Years	41	51.20				
	11 Year and Above	22	56.30				
19. I need a measurement and evaluation specialist in evaluating performances.	1-5 Years	60	50.18	3.365	2	.568	
	6-10 Years	41	61.14				
	11 Year and Above	22	45.94				
20. I have sufficient knowledge about performance evaluation	1-5 Years	60	56.18	1.125	2	.658	
	6-10 Years	41	50.46				
	11 Year and Above	22	43.75				
21. I can use performance evaluation effectively in class / workshop	1-5 Years	60	61.56	9.452	2	.008	1-5 Years > 11 years and above
	6-10 Years	41	47.15				
	11 Year and Above	22	41.16				



Table 4. Kruskal Wallis test results on items of self-efficacy scale of visual arts teachers with different professional seniority using alternative evaluation tools (*continued*)

Statements	Professional Experience	N	Rank averages	X <sup>2</sup>	sd	p	Difference
22. I can use the graded scoring key effectively in performance evaluation.	1-5 Years	60	55.18	4.471	2	.098	
	6-10 Years	41	47.63				
	11 Year and Above	22	41.62				
23. I have enough information about the grade scoring key	1-5 Years	60	51.25	.106	2	.180	
	6-10 Years	41	53.14				
	11 Year and Above	22	50.96				
24. I need the help of a measurement and evaluation specialist to prepare a graded scoring key.	1-5 Years	60	55.76	1.520	2	.175	
	6-10 Years	41	53.65				
	11 Year and Above	22	52.36				

Kruskal Wallis Test was carried out to test whether the opinions of visual arts teachers with different professional qualifications differ on the self-efficacy items of using alternative assessment tools. In the following items, it was observed that there was a significant difference between the rank averages of the groups; "I can give performance tasks per the students' levels ( $X^2(2) = 9.235, p < .05$ )", "I can give students performance tasks that improve students' higher-order thinking skills, ( $X^2(2) = 9.412, p < .05$ )", "The performance tasks I provide include many skills, ( $X^2(2) = 9.815, p < .05$ )", "I can use the performance evaluation effectively in the classroom / workshop ( $X^2(2) = 9.453, p < .05$ )". According to the results of the Mann Whitney U test conducted to determine which group is in favor of the difference, it is determined that this difference is in favor of teachers with professional experience of 11 years or more in articles 12 and 13, and in teachers of 1-5 years in articles 15 and 21.

According to the results of the research in which Şahin and Atasoy [38] examined the attitudes of teachers towards alternative assessment methods according to the seniority variable, seniority was not determinant in the attitudes of teachers towards alternative assessment methods. This finding supports the findings obtained in the research. As a result of the research in which Groenendijk, Karpati and Haanstra [39] examined the opinions of teachers about using assessment tools, teachers thought it helped them to structure the curriculum and their feedback conversations. These previous studies in line with the results obtained in the current research.

#### 4. CONCLUSION

The main purpose of using alternative assessment-evaluation methods is to measure the skills that cannot be measured with traditional assessment-evaluation methods. The main purpose of using alternative assessment-evaluation methods is to measure the skills that cannot be measured with traditional assessment-evaluation methods. The reason for using alternative assessment-evaluation methods in the classroom is to reveal what students can do, not what they do. Students should demonstrate their skills and perform a meaningful task in the use of such techniques. In short, it is the aim of alternative assessment methods to perform a complex task in accordance with the learning objectives from the student and evaluate it. Typical alternative assessment-evaluation tools are portfolios, project assignments, and some activities that often use rubrics.

Teachers' proficiency levels of using alternative assessment tools did not differ considering the professional seniority variable in 22 items. However, there were significant differences in the four items of the questionnaire. According to this; Visual arts teachers, who have 1 to 5 years of professional experience, have many skills compared to teachers with 6 years or more of professional experience, according to the teachers with professional experience between 10 years, it was concluded that their performance tasks cover many skills and that they can use performance evaluation effectively in the classroom/workshop. This results in light of 1 and 5 years of professional experience with teachers KPSS test is necessary to start the profession (examination performed to become teachers in Turkey) because they internalize recently on assessment issues in the preparation process in the 15th and 21st substance caused them to have seen them more than enough can. In the light of these results, the following suggestions can be made. Teacher training resources should be reconsidered in Turkey. Necessary applications should be increased in teacher training undergraduate programs. Prepare suitable environments for teachers to perform the necessary applications in their professional service courses. Assessment and assessment experts to be employed by teachers should be appointed when necessary.

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